# Required Information for Final Lab 

## Demographic Summary

1) Pie Chart of Gender
2) Bar Chart of Age
3) Bar Chart of Education Level
4) Pie Chart of Political Affiliation
5) Pie Chart of Concern with Economy
6) Side by side Bar Chart for $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ choices to fix economy

## Statistical Summary

1) Sample proportion of males (specify $x \& n$ )
2) Sample proportion of democrats \& republicans (specify $x \& n$ )
3) Sample proportion of those concerned with economy (specify $x \& n$ )
4) Sample proportions of age classifications (each individually; specify $x \& n$ )
5) Sample proportions of education levels (each individually; specify x \& n)
6) 5 \# summary plus mean and standard deviation and $n$ of believed debt
7) 5 \# summary plus mean and standard deviation and $n$ of acceptable debt

## Confidence Intervals

1) For average debt using sample data. Use confidence level of $80 \%$.

## and

Any 2 of the following with a confidence level of $90 \%$
2) Proportion of males
or
3) Proportion of democrats or republicans (not both)
or
4) Proportion of those concerned with economy
or
5) Proportion of those in ANY one of the age classifications (not two to complete this portion)

## Hypothesis Tests

## Tests of Means (Choose 1)

1) The assumed debt is less than $\$ 16.7 \times 10^{12}$. Use a $10 \%$ significance level. Use the confidence interval to test this hypothesis.
2) The average acceptable debt is less than average assumed debt. Use a $10 \%$ significance level
3) The difference between the average citizen's assumed debt is higher than acceptable debt. Use a $10 \%$ significance level.

## Tests of Proportions (Choose 1)

1) The proportion of Democrats is over $50 \%$. Use a $5 \%$ significance level.
2) The proportion of Republicans is under $42 \%$. Use a $5 \%$ significance level.
3) The proportion of males is different than $50 \%$. Use a $10 \%$ significance level.
4) The proportion under 20 years old is higher than $7.2 \%$. Use a $5 \%$ significance level.
5) The proportion over 50 is lower than $21 \%$. Use a $5 \%$ significance level.
6) The proportion of people with BA/BS/Above BA/BS is different than $39.5 \%$. Use a $10 \%$ significance level.

## Tests of 2 Proportions (Choose 1)

1) Republican/Democratic Party is affiliation is different for in people in their 40 's \& 50 's than in 30 's/20's/Below. Use an $80 \%$ confidence level.
2) Proportion of democrats who want taxes raised is lower than the proportion of republicans that want taxes raised. Use an $90 \%$ confidence level.
3) Proportion of males and females with degree attainment of $\mathrm{BA} / \mathrm{BS}$ or Above is different. Use an $80 \%$ confidence level.

## Chi-Squared Tests (Choose 1)

1) The proportions of citizens who want to effect the economy with lowering taxes, raising taxes, cutting war spending/foreign spending differs by political affiliation (I suggest just using democrat \& republican or putting the other 2 together). Use a $95 \%$ confidence level.
2) The proportions of citizens who want to effect the economy with lowering taxes, raising taxes, cutting war spending/foreign spending differs by education level (I suggest just using AS/lower \& BS/higher). Use a $95 \%$ confidence level.
3) The proportions of citizens who want to effect the economy with lowering taxes, raising taxes, cutting war spending/foreign spending differs by age classification (I suggest $20 \mathrm{~s} /$ Below, $30 \mathrm{~s} / 40 \mathrm{~s}$ and $50 \mathrm{~s} \& \mathrm{Up}$ instead of all classifications). Use a $95 \%$ confidence level.
4) Political affiliation differs due to educational attainment. Use a $95 \%$ confidence level.
5) Political affiliation differs due to age classification. Use a $95 \%$ confidence level.
6) Political affiliation differs due to gender. Use a $95 \%$ confidence level.
7) Concern/No Concern (leave out No Opinion) differs due to age classification. Use a $95 \%$ confidence level.

## ANOVA (Extra Credit when accompanied by another Chi-Square)

There is at least one difference in the average assumed debt based upon age classification. Use a $90 \%$ confidence level.

